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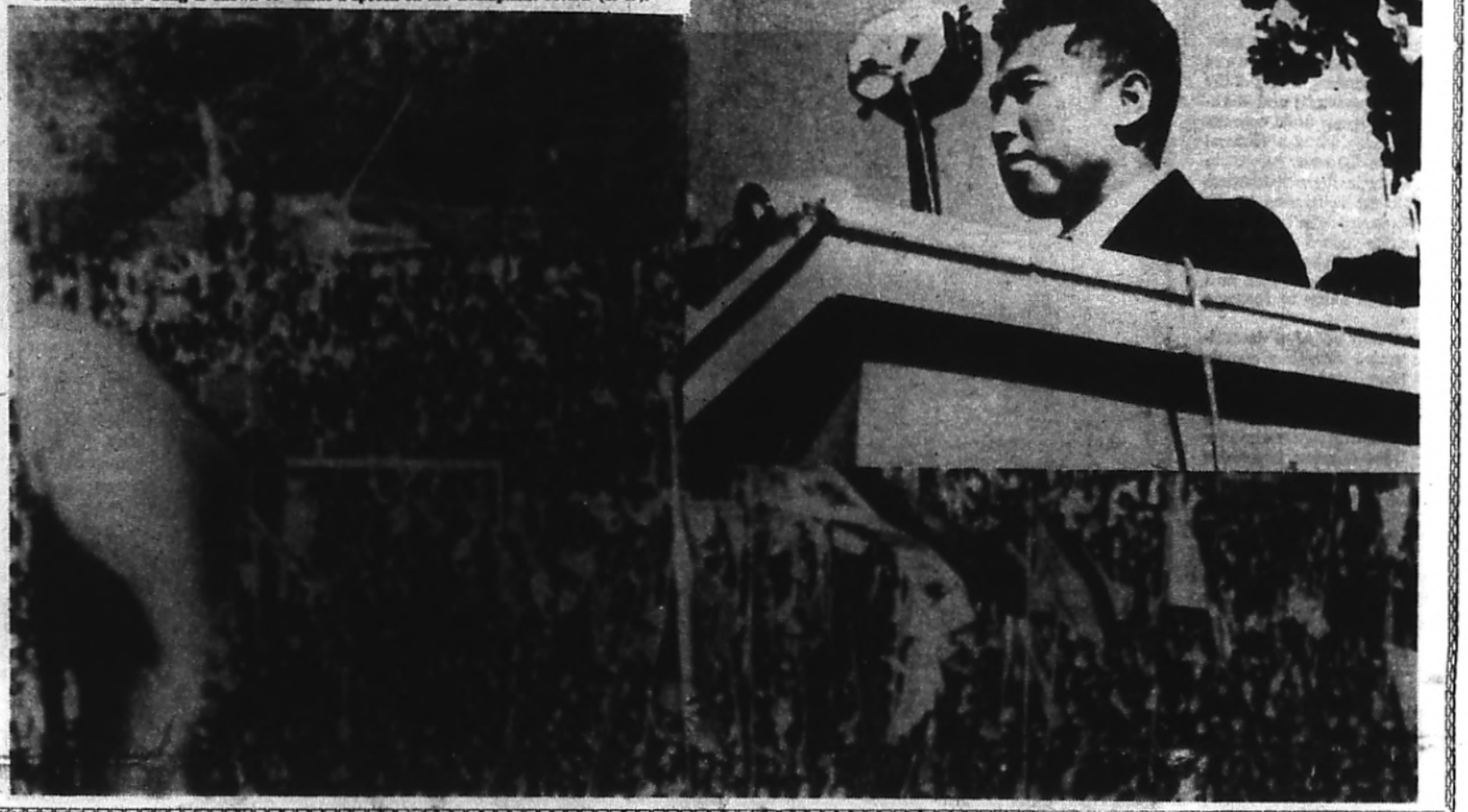
The People's Korea

No. 442 EVERY WEDNESDAY AUGUST 13, 1969 (1951年8月22日第三種郵便物認可) ★ Price 15 yen (5 cents)

General KIM IL SUNG Making Speech on His Triumphant Return

A Pyongyang City mass rally warmly welcoming General Kim Il Sung who organized and led the arduous and glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle for 15 years, defeated Japanese imperialism and returned to the fatherland in triumph.

General Kim Il Sung is shown to make a speech on the triumphant return (1945).



Invincible Are Korean People Fighting for National Unification under Leadership of Marshal KIM IL SUNG

—On 24th Anniversary of August 15 Liberation—

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EDITORIAL

The Korean people mark today the 24th anniversary of the August 15 Liberation of the fatherland from the 36-year-long heinous colonial yoke of Japanese imperialism.

Greeting this significant national holiday together with the entire people of the fatherland in the North and South, all Korean residents in Japan extend the highest honour and warmest thanks with the boundless adoration for and the burning loyalty to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist movement and working-class movement, who liberated the fatherland from the Japanese imperialists' colonial rule and led the Korean people to today's freedom and happiness, taking upon himself the destiny of the country and nation and opening with success the road of the Korean revolution.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Korean revolution, at last smashed the Japanese aggressors and emancipated the fatherland in 1945 by vigorously waging the anti-Japanese guerilla struggle for 15 years under the difficult conditions without the power and the rear, and thereby set up the glorious revolutionary traditions in the flames of the anti-Japanese armed struggle.

After the Liberation, Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, founded the Workers' Party of Korea and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea which directly inherited these revolutionary traditions, and has led the Korean revolution to victory based on the stand of *Juche* and independent position.

Marshal Kim Il Sung carried out with credit the democratic revolution in the northern half of the DPRK after the Liberation, overcoming all difficulties and bottlenecks and frustrated the armed invasion on the part of the U.S. imperialists with his brilliant military strategy and successfully guided the socialist revolution and socialist construction after the ceasefire.

As a result, today the northern half of the DPRK has become an independent socialist state with an advanced socialist system and firm foundations of the independent national economy and with a strong all-people defence system and brilliant national culture.

Thanks to the existence of the daily developing and prosperous socialist fatherland, the 600,000 Korean citizens are living in Japan as worthy overseas citizens of the socialist power with pride rallied rock-firm around the great Leader and vigorously struggling to promote the cause of independent national unification and to defend their democratic national rights.

This is entirely attributed to the wise leadership and warm solicitude of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

However, though 24 years have passed since the Liberation from the Japanese imperialist colonial rule, the unification of the fatherland remains yet to be unrealized because of the occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists and of their colonial predatory policy, and the South Korean people are undergoing all misfortunes and hardships.

Today, South Korea has been turned into a complete colony and aggressive military base of the U.S. imperialists, with its national economy made subordinate to foreign capitalists.

The U.S. imperialists are stopping at nothing to turn South Korea into a huge military base to occupy the northern part of the DPRK and realize an aggressive design against the Asian countries and are hell-bent on provoking a new war.

Moreover, U.S. imperialism is drawing even the Japanese militarists into its aggressive policy in Korea, and is making desperate efforts to cook up a new aggressive military alliance in Asia by knocking together the South Korean puppet clique and the Asian reactionaries including the Japanese militarists.

In particular, the incidents of its spy ship "Pueblo" and its large-size spy plane "EC-121" are undisguised manifestation of the U.S. imperialist scheme to launch another war.

Since these incidents there has been created in our country a serious danger of a new war breaking out at any moment.

Today the South Korean people looking up to Marshal Kim Il Sung as the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and the sun of the nation are valiantly waging anti-U.S., national salvation struggle in various forms including armed struggle, to bring earlier the day when they will be able to live happily in a unified fatherland under his leadership.

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, their stooges, terrified at this, are running wild to seek a way out from their grave crisis in intensifying their bestial suppressions of the people and war preparations.

But with no bestial suppression and crafty tactics can the enemies dampen revolutionary spirits of the South Korean people and bar their surging advance.

Where there are exploitation and oppression, there always breaks out the revolutionary struggle of the people.

It is only natural that the mass anti-U.S., national salvation struggle for freedom and liberation and national unification is surging up day by day among broad sections of the South Korean people.

The occupation of South Korea by U.S. imperialism is the root-cause of all the misfortunes of the South Korean people and the main obstacle to the unification of our country.

As long as the U.S. imperialists keep occupying South Korea, there always remains danger of war in Korea and the peace of Asia and the world is continuously threatened.

If the U.S. imperialists had not forcibly occupied South Korea, Korea would already have been unified peacefully by the Korean people themselves.

Since the first days of its founding, the DPRK has put forward the most reasonable and concrete proposals for the purpose of unifying the country and exerted every possible effort to carry them into practice.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, said as follows:

"The basic line of national unification maintained all along by the Government of our Republic is to unify the North and South by the Korean people themselves independently on democratic principles without any interference of outside forces following the withdrawal of all foreign troops from South Korea."

These proposals on the independent and peaceful unification are most fair and realistic ones acceptable to all.

Through the past 24 years since the Liberation, the Korean people now keenly realize that they cannot live any longer with the country remaining divided into the North and South.

The U.S. imperialists have no reason and right to stay in South Korea any longer. They must get out of South Korea at once, taking their aggressive troops and all the lethal

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CLOSED SHELF

FROM MARSHAL KIM IL SUNG'S REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES DURING ANTI-JAPANESE ARMED STRUGGLE

Successfull Realization of Anti-Imperialist United Front

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Korean revolution and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, while organizing and rallying all the national forces of the Korean people to mobilize them in the anti-Japanese struggle for the restoration of the fatherland, successfully formed the anti-imperialist united front with the broad masses of all strata and the communists of other countries, thus dealing decisive blows to Japanese imperialism.

From the early period of the anti-Japanese armed struggle Comrade Kim Il Sung endeavoured to strengthen revolutionary solidarity with the communists and the people in the neighbouring country who were suffering from Japanese imperialist aggression and materialize a joint action with them against Japanese imperialism.

Of special importance in realizing the anti-imperialist united front at the beginning of the 1930's was the formation of a united front with the anti-Japanese units.

With regard to the aim and the necessity of the united front with the anti-Japanese units Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"We had experience in forming the united front with the bourgeois nationalist armies of all sorts in the period of the anti-Japanese guerilla struggle....

"... Of course, we were able to fight without forming the united front with them. But it would be advantageous for us to join strength though meagre and if we had rejected them they would have eventually surrendered to the Japanese scoundrels to add to the strength of the enemy. This is why we strove to form a united front with them."

The anti-Japanese units were an army who had broken away from the former Northeast Chinese Army, under the anti-Japanese banner after the Japanese imperialists' occupation of Manchuria in 1931. They, whose number accounted for tens of thousands, were scattered all over the forest areas in east, north and south Manchuria.

They had come out in the fight against Japanese imperialism but stood for the interests of the propertied class. Due to such class limitations, they constantly wavered before the increasing suppression by Japanese imperialism. They even gave up fighting against Japanese imperialism and were out to fight the communists; and some of them were about to surrender to the enemy. Besides, taken in by the vile propaganda of the Japanese imperialists and their policy of national alienation, they had a national chauvinistic tendency against the Korean Communists, the anti-Japanese guerillas and the Korean people. To make the matters still worse, the reckless "Left" opportunist manoeuvres of the factionalists further aggravated the relations between us and the anti-Japanese units.

All this gave rise to quite difficult and complex problems in the work with the anti-Japanese units. The situation had to be coped with as early as possible.

The problems could be settled only by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution.

Comrade Kim Il Sung spoke on the problem of enlisting the anti-Japanese units into the anti-Japanese united front:

Marshal Kim Il Sung having a talk with the top circles of an "anti-Japanese unit" at the risk of his life to form an anti-Japanese united front

"The anti-Japanese national-salvation army now fail to see the justness of our anti-Japanese struggle because of their low political awakening. They even kill us Korean Communists. But we must establish contact with them and expose the crafty national alienation policy of Japanese imperialism so that they may see clearly that Japanese imperialism is the common inveterate enemy of the Korean and Chinese peoples.

"At the same time, we must set living examples to them by our own deeds and practical struggles. Then, they will follow us and fight Japanese imperialism well following the example in our struggle.

"And, in their relations with the people too, their flagrant predatory nature can be reformed, if we persuade and educate to make them take a right attitude towards the people.

"A united front with the anti-Japanese national-salvation army is quite feasible. And its formation is a revolutionary task which must be carried out. If we give up this on account of the difficulty, it is not the attitude of a true revolutionary."

Comrade Kim Il Sung not only laid down the wise line of involving the anti-Japanese units into the anti-Japanese joint struggle but also set forth the concrete ways for its implementation.

He taught us that we should guard against both of the deviations of putting stress only on the unity with the lower strata and clinging to the unity with the upper strata in the work with the anti-Japanese units and should correctly combine the former with the latter with the main stress on the unity with the lower strata, the masses of the rank and file

Saying that we must not deal with the upper strata all alike but correctly discern their double nature, he put forth the principle of uniting with them through struggle, while fostering and developing their revolutionary elements against Japanese imperialism and combating their unsteadiness uncompromisingly.

He emphasized that we should strictly distinguish the waverers from the wicked elements who were hand in glove with Japanese imperialism, out of the upper strata of the anti-Japanese units, and deal a decisive blow to them

His tactical principle of forming the united front with the anti-Japanese units was the wisest guideline that enabled us to expand and develop the anti-imperialist united front, overcoming Right and "Left" deviations.

Having laid down the wise line of enlisting the anti-Japanese units into the anti-Japanese joint struggle, Comrade Kim Il Sung stood in the van of the struggle for its implementation and materialized it successfully.

Right after the organization of the Anti-Japanese Guerilla Army he persuaded and educated the Wui-led unit in Antu area and, dispatched staunch Communists to various areas so as to strengthen the work with the anti-Japanese units. This marked the beginning of the involvement of the anti-Japanese units into the anti-Japanese united front and the relations with them turned for the better.

But later, there rose difficulties again due to the national alienation policy of Japanese imperialism, the reckless "Left" opportunist moves of the factionalists and the reactionary nature of the upper strata of the anti-Japanese units.

Some of the anti-Japanese units killed Korean Communists dispatched to them for the work of the united front, and wantonly killed Koreans on the false charge of "henchmen" of the Japanese scoundrels.

Under these circumstances it was urgent to persuade and educate the anti-Japanese units to form the anti-Japanese united front.

Comrade Kim Il Sung called a meeting at Wangching of the representatives and leaders of the guerilla units in each county, so as to ease the strained relations with the anti-Japanese units and form an all-out anti-Japanese united front with them, and discussed the matters.

At the meeting he proposed that the representatives of the Anti-Japanese Guerilla Army should be sent to Luotzukou where the national-salvation army units led by Wu I-cheng and others were stationed.

At that time, this was a matter of key importance upon which depended the realization of the anti-imperialist united front with the anti-Japanese units. It was quite a difficult problem, for whose solution one might risk one's life when the anti-Japanese units were hostile to the Korean Communists.

It was an unconceivable matter that one would go to a place where thousands of the national-salvation army were, ready to kill the Korean Communists at sight. However, for the sake of the revolution, for the freedom and happiness of the people, Comrade Kim Il Sung resolved to risk his life to tackle this difficult problem personally, which none dared to.

His comrades tried hard to dissuade him from going there out of their concern about his safety, but no one could turn him from his firm resolve.

In June, 1933 Comrade Kim Il Sung made public the statement that the anti-Japanese guerillas would go to Luotzukou and with only scores of his men marched in a stately manner towards the Wu I-cheng unit.

Struck by the calm dignity of Comrade Kim Il Sung and the imposing appearance of his men, soldiers of the anti-Japanese unit as well as the obstinate top circles including Wu I-cheng were quite overwhelmed. At first, in the negotiations Wu I-cheng made no secret of his dislike of Korean Communists.

But Comrade Kim Il Sung, calm, composed and dignified, treated them politely and persuaded them with well-founded logic.

Wu I-cheng tried to hold to his narrow views. Now and then he shook his head dubiously. But at length he was deeply moved by Comrade Kim Il Sung's noble ideas, generosities, sound logic and powerful persuasion.

He came to hold Comrade Kim Il Sung in great esteem and agreed on the formation of the anti-imperialist united front.

Thanks to Comrade Kim Il Sung's efforts the Luotzukou negotiations proved a great success. It marked a great turn in the realization of the anti-Japanese united front.

After the fruitful talks with Wu I-cheng Comrade Kim Il Sung saw that the anti-Japanese units took part in the battle, and educated and remoulded them through it. And in this course the anti-Japanese united front became to be expanded still further.

In September, 1933 right after the Luotzukou negotiations Comrade Kim Il Sung organized and commanded the battle in Tungning county seat—the first large-scale combined operation with anti-Japanese units.

Over 1,000 men of the anti-Japanese units alongside the anti-Japanese guerillas took part in this joint operation.

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Socialist Paradise on Earth Brought by Great Leader

Twenty-four years have passed since Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Korean revolution, liberated Korea from the vicious Japanese colonial rule of 36 years, by organizing and waging in person the anti-Japanese armed struggle.

Today, the northern half of the DPRK has been converted into a socialist paradise on earth where exploitation and oppression have become things of the past and where all people are able to enjoy work and study and lead a happy life without any worry about food, clothing and housing, under the wise guidance of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

Marshal Kim Il Sung has led the Korean people to today's bright victory by creating the great revolutionary ideas, the ideas of *Juche*, putting forth the most correct lines and policies in each stage of development of the revolution and organizing and mobilizing skillfully the Korean people into their execution.

The Government of the Republic is thoroughly maintaining the political independence and independently solving all the problems cropping up in the revolution and construction, strictly adhering to the great *Juche* ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

Holding aloft the revolutionary banner of self-reliance, the Korean people have firmly built up a comprehensive, independent national economy in the northern part of the country where poverty and backwardness had once prevailed, by surmounting all sorts of difficulties and trials.

In Korea, even simple farm implements had been hardly produced in the past, but today in its northern part the Korean people mass-produce on their own, large-sized equipment, precision machines and complex modern factory equipment, and not a little machine goods are exported.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, giving on-the-spot guidance at the Hwanghai Iron Works

In 1966, the industrial output of the country was increased 41 times as compared with 1946, the year after the Liberation.

The technical, cultural and ideological revolutions have been successfully carried out in the countryside, according to the road lit by "Theses on the Socialist Agrarian Question in Our Country," authored by Marshal Kim Il Sung.

The State has constructed great numbers of production equipment, modern dwelling houses and various kinds of cultural facilities for farmers with its own funds. Farmers in the northern half have been set free from taxation for ever as a result of the complete abolition of agricultural tax-in-kind.

Some 2.69-million students and pupils, or one-fourth of the population are now studying free of charge at more than about 9,260 schools of all levels including 98 institutions of higher learning in the northern part of the country where there had been no university and college before the Liberation.

Thanks to the successful enforcement of universal free medical care and preventive hygiene, and in consequence of the enhancement of the people's living standards as a whole, the average mortality of the population has been reduced by half as against the pre-Liberation years and the average life span of people lengthened by 20 years.

National income, one of main factors for the rise in people's living standards, is steadily growing every year, as a result of continuing production boost in all domains of the national economy.

In 1964, per-household share for farmers was 3.3 times in crops and 15 times in money as much as in 1954 respectively.

All the people in the northern half of the DPRK are receiving substantial supplemental benefits from the State besides the direct benefits from labour results.

In case of workers and office employees, only 10 per cent or so of their whole costs of living are foods and housing including fuel, electricity and water charges.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, said as follows:

"The Government of the Republic will make greater state investments in various social and cultural services to give fuller satisfaction to the demands of the entire working people."

Despite ever more urgent necessity for successful economic construction and defence buildup to cope with the sharpened new war provocative moves by the U.S. imperialists, the expenditures for public welfare were increased than rather lowered.

This is a clear manifestation of the warm care extended by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, for the people's living and attests to an unmistakable superiority of the socialist system established by him in the northern half of the country.

On the other hand, the national defence power has become impregnable as a result of thoroughgoing carrying through of the military defence line of the Workers' Party of Korea, a line of turning the whole army into a cadre army and into a modern army and of arming the entire people and fortifying the whole country. If the U.S. imperialists, drawing no lesson from the miserable defeat in the Korean War, dare attack upon the Korean people, the Korean People's Army-men, each being a match for 100

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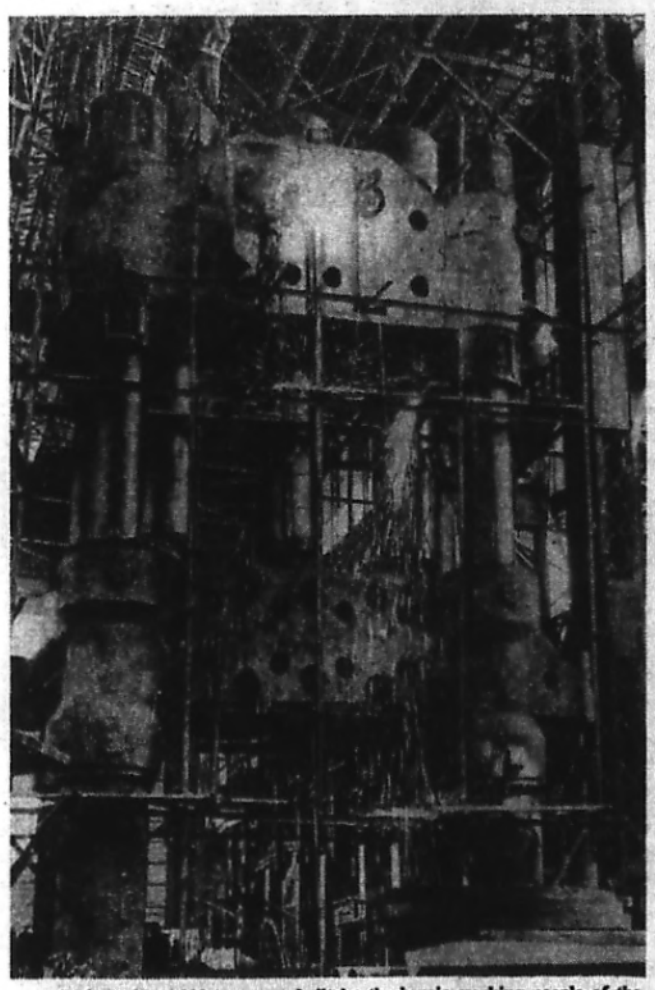

A view of a 6,000-ton press built by the heroic working people of the northern half of the DPRK with their own technique, their own material and their own design

(Continued from page 2)

Bearing in mind the instruction of Comrade Kim Il Sung that they should set an example to the anti-Japanese units to make them see what the Korean Communists were like, the anti-Japanese guerillas fought heroically in the most difficult phase upon which depended the victory of battle and at last won it.

When soldiers of an anti-Japanese unit ran away leaving their commander wounded in battle in the lurch, anti-Japanese guerillas saved him breaking through enemy encirclement. In this way they showed a living example to them.

The men of the anti-Japanese units said: "The anti-Japanese guerillas are courageous in battle; they act upon discipline in life and give much help to the people. Only by so doing can we drive out Japanese imperialism and win victory." And they came to follow the example of the guerillas.

After the battle at the Tungning county seat Comrade Kim Il Sung organized and commanded the battle at Luotzukou and a number of combined operations with the anti-Japanese units. In the course of these battles he educated and remoulded and rallied them under the banner of anti-imperialist struggle and dispatched excellent cadres he had trained personally to the anti-Japanese units so as to help their political and military activities and revolutionize their units.

Besides enlisting the anti-Japanese units in the united front, Comrade Kim Il Sung roused workers, peasants and other people of all strata to the anti-Japanese struggle and set forth a clear-cut line of rallying them into the anti-Japanese united national front.

He personally led the Anti-Japanese Guerilla Army to the areas along the Duman River and gave serious political and military blows to the Japanese imperialist aggressors. He also sent quite a few small-unit armed personnel and underground political workers into the homeland to sow the seeds of revolution among the people and call them out to the powerful struggle against Japanese imperialism.

Comrade Kim Il Sung splendidly realized the anti-Japanese united national front and anti-imperialist united front aimed at opposing the colonial rule of Japanese imperialism and its fascist aggressive war in the early 1930's and led the anti-Japanese armed struggle to victory. Thus he set a fine example as a pioneer in the struggle of the world people against imperialism and made a great contribution to the formation of the anti-fascist people's front.

(The Pyongyang Times)

Weed killers are being sprayed at the Chongsan Chullima Cooperative Farm after the autumn harvesting.

S. Korea, Living Hell-Mil. Base of U.S. Imperialism

Marking the 24th anniversary of the August 15 Liberation, today the northern half of the DPRK is more rapidly developing and prospering as the days go by under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung. In sharp contrast, South Korea has been turned into a complete colony of the U.S. imperialists, into their military base, with the entire society plunged into a living-hell where poverty and hunger, terrorism and massacre prevail.

Marshal Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"...South Korea has been turned into a U.S. imperialist colony and military base for aggression, its economy has utterly been dilapidated, and the people are groaning under terrorism and tyranny, deprived of all political freedom and even elementary democratic rights, and are suffering from hardships of life never known in thousands of years."

In line with the occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists, their policy of colonial enslavement and military aggression manoeuvrings for militarization and enslavement of its national economy have been intensified, and South Korean agriculture is undergoing a serious crisis. The national culture and the beautiful manners and customs peculiar to the Korean people are being utterly trampled underfoot and all descriptions of immorality and depravity prevail over the whole land of South Korea. The South Korean people are in rags and suffering from hunger due to double and treble exploitation and oppression, many of them roaming about the streets in quest of jobs and living in extremely unstable with no hopes for the future. Many South Korean youths and middle-aged forcibly dispatched to South Vietnam, are dying a dog's death as bulled-shields for the U.S. imperialist aggressive war, jected to unbearable national insult and contempt and even their right to existence is constantly menaced by the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

Since the first days of the occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists, the South Korean people have vigorously struggled against their colonial enslavement policy and military aggressive policy. The October Popular Uprising of 1946, the April 19 Popular Uprising of 1960 which toppled the puppet Syngman Rhee regime, and many other South Korean people's struggles which took place one after another against the "ROK-Japan talks," and for smashing the "ROK-Japan Treaty," dealt telling blows to the colonial rule of U.S. imperialism.

But the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys, while intent on their ever more undisguised new war and aggressive policy with a view to escaping from the crisis of their colonial rule. Each time the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys answered the righteous patriotic struggle of the people with harsh repression by force of arms. The policy of military fascist dictatorship pursued in South Korea that has assumed unprecedented ferocity and barbarity and has become a model of vicious fascist rule of the imperialists over colonies. The U.S. imperialist aggressors and their stooges, while manufacturing various wicked fascist laws, have exposed their repressive apparatuses on an extensive scale and covered the whole land of South Korea with military, police, intelligence and special agent networks, thereby turning it into a living-hell where terrorism and murder prevail.

In South Korea today the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi clique are intensifying clamorous fascist repression to the extreme. Everywhere they are doing all they can in their frenzied attempt to oppress the South Korean people who are fighting more actively for the right to live, for democratic freedoms and unification of the fatherland.

During 1967 alone, as many as ten divisions or more of U.S. imperialist troops, South Korean puppet army and police forces including a reserve divison were mobilized to stamp out the activities of armed groups of the South Korean revolutionaries and the mass revolutionary struggles breaking out in succession all over South Korea, and a total of more than six million U.S. imperialist troops, South Korean puppet troops and police directly took part in the so-called "mopping-up operations."

The beasts arrested and imprisoned large numbers of patriots on

South Korean people are suffering from dire poverty and are in a state of non-rights because of the tyrannical rule of U.S. imperialism and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

charges of involvement in the so-called "case" of the United Revolutiony Party, "case" of the People's Revolutionary Party, "case" of the revolutionary organization in Imja Island, "case" of the South Korean Liberation Strategic Party and many other "cases."

They murdered Comrade Choi Yung Do, Chairman of the South Cholla Provincial Committee of the South Korean United Revolutionary Party in prison on Jan. 25, 1969, and committed on Jul. 10, 1969 criminal atrocities never to be condoned by brutally murdering Comrade Kim Jong Tai, Chairman of the Seoul Municipal Committee of the Party.

They are making "anti-communist" clamours still more noisily, under the nonsensical allegation that all the fierce revolutionary struggles of the patriotic people flaring up in all parts of South Korea today are activities by "spies" sent down from "North Korea," and they are trying hard to divert the attention of the South Korean people to somewhere else and hoodwink the world's people.

The South Korean people, unable to endure any longer the harsh fascist terror rule of the U.S. imperialists and their lackyes, are bravely fighting with arms in their hands to overthrow the system of U.S. imperialist colonial rule, with the firm resolve to rise and fight.

Of late, the struggles of South Korean youths and students and other people for smashing the long-term "office" scheme of the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique threw the U.S. imperialists and the stooges into fear and confusion.

The broad sections of the patriotic forces of South Korea including workers, peasants, youths and students, who are now waging a vigorous struggle upholding the flames of the anti-U.S., national salvation struggle in order to accelerate the day when they will be able to enjoy a new happy life unde the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, will surely frustrate the aggression and war policy of the U.S. imperialists, drive the U.S. imperialists out of South Korea and sweep away the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, and win freedom and liberation.

(Continued from page 3)

foes, and the armed Korean people will surely give the enemies a fatal blow at one stroke.

Through the actual struggle for the revolution and construction and in accordance with the consistent policy of giving priority to the ideological revolution among all work, the political and ideological consciousness of working people has been remarkably increased. And the communist traits of the nation—"one for all, all for one"—have been established in the whole country.

The entire people have closely united as one rock-firm around Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, with one ideology and one will.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader said as follows:

"In this land where harsh exploitation and oppression, centuries-old backwardness and penury once prevailed, an advanced socialist system has now been established under which all help each other, work together and lead a happy life, and our fatherland has turned into a socialist state which has a firm independent national economy and brilliant national culture."

All these tremendous changes in the northern half of the country and the happy life of the Korean people are unthinkable apart from the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, and the founder and the Leader of the WPK and the DPRK. They are also brilliant fruits of the revolutionary spirit of independence, self-sustenance and self-defence which is an embodiment of his great revolutionary ideas, the ideas of *Juche*, which have creatively applied and developed Marxism-Leninism to suit the actual conditions in Korea.

Today, Korea which once so long lost its light in the world map, is shining brilliantly all over the world as the "fatherland of *Juche*," "paragon of socialism" and "Chullima Korea."

Nobody is happier and more glorious than the Korean people who live a life in the northern half of the DPRK, their genuine socialist fatherland daily prospering and developing under the wise guidance of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great and outstanding Leader of the revolution.

The happier life they lead, the more energies they are devoting to the struggle to strengthen the revolutionary base in the northern half of the country in order to greet the great revolutionary event of the unification of the fatherland as early as possible and to give positive support and encouragement to the revolutionary struggle of the South Korean people, without forgetting them, for a moment, who are suffering from poverty and lack of rights under the colonial yoke of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

Koreans in Japan Advance Forward, By Smashing All Oppressions

Thanks to the existence of the socialist fatherland founded and led by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, 600,000 Korean citizens here, once subjected to all sorts of national discrimination and contempt as homeless people in this alien land are today leading a happy life as worthy overseas citizens of a powerful socialist country, rallied rock-firm around the great Leader, and are vigorously rising up in the struggle to promote an independent unification of the fatherland and defend their democratic, national rights.

All the more for this reason, all Korean citizens in Japan cannot repress surging indignation at the U.S. imperialist aggressors who have occupied South Korea for 24 years since the Liberation and imposed upon the Korean people the tragedy of the division of the country and split of the nation.

The respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung said:

"The occupation of South Korea by U.S. imperialism and its policy of aggression are the source of all the misfortunes of our nation and the main obstacle to the unification of our country.

We cannot merely look with folded arms at the miserable plight of the South Korean compatriots and can never hand down a divided fatherland to our posterity."

The CHONGRYUN workers and Korean citizens here are now confronted with the pressing task of more energetically supporting the South Korean people who are fighting in the teeth of all trials and difficulties, without forgetting them for a moment, and of strengthening further the anti-U.S., national salvation struggle, thereby bringing earlier an independent, peaceful unification of the country.

The situation in Korea has been sharply aggravated by the new war provocation machinations on the part of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi clique, and this is being accompanied by an ever more intensified reinvasion of Japanese militarism into South Korea and its stepped-up oppression and persecution of Koreans in Japan.

Wirepulled by the U.S. imperialists, the Japanese Government, in league with the Pak Jung Hi clique, is resorting to every available machination and method to totally suppress the democratic, national rights of Korean residents in Japan—encroachment upon their DPRK citizenship and basic human rights and the right to residence, deprivation of the rights to national education and repatriation and destructive acts against CHONGRYUN organizations.

The notorious "Immigration and Emigration Control Bill" was finally abrogated on Aug. 5 at the Japanese Diet owing to the vigorous struggle of Korean compatriots here and public opinion here and abroad. Nevertheless, the Japanese Government continuously forcing the "application for permanent residence" and the puppet "ROK nationality" upon the Koreans here by threatening to "deport" them to South Korea.

Today many Korean residents in Japan who have already completed the preparations for repatriation are leading hard life here, deprived of the road to return home due to the destructive machinations against the repatriation operation by the Japanese authorities.

Freedom of travel to and from the fatherland of the Korean citizens

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For Foreign Dels to 15th Anti-A-H Bomb World Meet

Chairman Han Duk Su of CSC of CHONGRYUN Holds Banquet

Chairman Han Duk Su hosted a banquet in honour of all the delegates from various countries to the 15th World Conference against A-H Bombs on the evening of August 2 at the Korean Hall in Tokyo, Japan.

Han Duk Su, Chairman of the Central Standing Committee of CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan), arranged a banquet in the Korean Hall on the evening of Aug. 2 in honour of the delegates from various countries to the 15th World Conference against Atomic and Hydrogen Bombs.

Attending the banquet were delegates from various countries including peace champions from Cuba, the United Arab Republic, the Congo (B), Dominica, Denmark, Italy, Australia and the USA, and Japanese delegates and representatives of international organizations such as the Tri-Continental Peoples' Solidarity Organization and the International Permanent Committee of the World Peace Council of Religionists, etc., over 100 in all.

Present there together with the guests were Chairman Han Duk Su and functionaries of the Central Standing Committee of CHONGRYUN and responsible functionaries of organizations and business bodies and members of the delegation of the DPRK to the 15th World Conference against Atomic and Hydrogen Bombs.

The banquet was addressed by Chairman Han Duk Su.

On behalf of CHONGRYUN and the entire 600,000 Korean citizens in Japan, he warmly welcomed the delegates from various countries and representatives of international organizations who attended the 15th World Conference against Atomic and Hydrogen Bombs and expressed deep thanks to them for active support and encouragement extended by them constantly to the just cause of the Korean people for achieving the independent and peaceful unification of Korea by driving the U.S. imperialists out of South Korea and to the struggle of the Korean citizens in Japan for defending their democratic, national rights.

Chairman Han Duk Su introduced the worthy life of the Korean citizens in Japan who are advancing confidently with the high honour and pride of being citizens of the Republic under the profound solicitude of Marshal Kim Il Sung, and the work of CHONGRYUN.

Pointing out that today the U.S. imperialists and their stooges are taking openly a hostile stand against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and intensifying their oppression of the Korean citizens in Japan, while speeding up the preparations for a new war in Korea, Chairman Han Duk Su expressed the firm conviction that the peace-loving people the world over will render unstinted support and encouragement in the future, too, as in the past, to the just anti-U.S., national salvation struggle of the Korean people and the CHONGRYUN work.

The banquet proceeded in a cordial atmosphere overflowing with the feelings of friendship and solidarity from beginning to end.

Chief DPRK Delegate's Address at 15th Anti-A-H Bomb World Meet

On July 31 at the second-day sitting of the International Preliminary Conference of the 15th World Conference against A-H Bombs in Tokyo, the head of the DPRK delegation Yoon Sang Chul made a speech. Follows a summary of his speech:

I, in the name of the delegation of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, would like to extend fervent militant greetings to Japanese delegates and delegates from various countries of the world present at this conference.

The current conference has opened amid the great interest and expectation of the peoples of the whole world. However, this time again, a delegation of our home country has been prevented from entering Japan because of the naked hostile policy followed by the Japanese Government as was in the past 14 meetings.

The U.S. imperialists are today perpetrating in an ever-more naked and open manner provocations and aggressive acts against our country from the air, the ground and the sea.

The U.S. imperialist armed spy ship "Pueblo" incident of January last year, the "Focus Retina" operations conducted in March last and this April's U.S. imperialist espionage plane "EC-121" incident and the following wild war rackets are enough evidence to remind the world people of what extent the danger of a new war breaking out in Korea has reached.

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi clique who have turned South Korea into a dark land where terror and murder prevail, by setting up the most heinous military fascist suppressive machines and cooking up barbarous evil fascist laws, are increasing brutal atrocities of suppressing and murdering the South Korean revolutionaries and people with each passing day.

The anti-U.S., national salvation struggle of the South Korean revolutionaries and people for the liberation of South Korea, democracy, freedom and unification of the fatherland, is expanding and strengthening as the days go by. I call your special attention to the fact that South Korean youth and students have risen up again in the anti-fascist democratization struggle against the scheme of the Pak Jung Hi clique, faithful cat's-paw of U.S. imperialism, to be "elected for third term" through "constitutional amendment."

All the root causes of the extremely tense situation and a danger that may lead to the outbreak of a war in Korea at any moment entirely lie in the occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists and their aggressive policy.

The Korean people are struggling to consolidate peace in Korea and making strenuous efforts to settle the question of unification of the fatherland by peaceful means.

The U.S. imperialists and their stooges have stubbornly rejected the reasonable proposals of the DPRK Government and have countered each of our sincere efforts with aggressive provocations. Still now, the scoundrels are perpetrating atrocities of arresting and severely punishing at random people on charges of mentioning one word "peaceful unification," while making maximum effort to prevent Korea's unification.

On the orders of the U.S. imperialists, the Japanese militarists have already worked out military operational plans against the DPRK and other Asian socialist countries. And particularly since the conclu-

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Koreans in Japan daily visiting the Japanese authorities in demand of the immediate resumption of their humanitarian repatriation work (In front of the Head Office of the Japan Red Cross Society in Tokyo, Aug. 11)

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here has been yet realized on account of the obstructive maneuvers of internal and external reactionaries.

Of late, the Japanese authorities are making frantic efforts to fabricate a series of "North Korean spy cases" to cover up their oppression of CHONGRYUN and Korean citizens here. As part of this maneuver, the Japanese police authorities were shameless enough to arrest and detain on Jul. 16 seven Korean residents here including the chief of the external affairs department of the Fukuoka Prefectural Headquarters of CHONGRYUN on completely unfounded charge of involvement in a "spy case."

The CHONGRYUN workers and Koreans here are waging a staunch struggle for winning the legitimate rights as overseas citizens of a sovereign state and protecting them to the end.

Under such a situation, the CHONGRYUN workers and Koreans here are resolutely launching the anti-U.S., national salvation struggle to oppose aggression and new war provocative machinations of U.S. imperialism, to safeguard national independence and promote the national unification.

All CHONGRYUN workers and Korean citizens in Japan will make new big strides and upsurge in the CHONGRYUN works with higher enthusiasm and spirit and add luster to the honour of being the

(Continued from page 1)

weapons with them.

Withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea—this is the prerequisite condition for removal of the root-cause of the war in Korea, conversion of the armistice into a durable peace and a peaceful settlement of the Korean question.

The struggle of the Korean people to withdraw the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea and to peacefully unify the fatherland is a link in the chain of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle now under way on a whole-world scale, a just struggle to preserve the peace of Asia and the world. Without the struggle against imperialism, especially U.S. imperialism, we can not expect to maintain world peace and achieve the national liberation and independence, victory of democracy and socialism.

The entire Korean people are fully prepared to resolutely smash any provocation and invasion of the U.S. imperialists and to defend to the end the national dignity and the sovereignty of the country, more firmly rallied around Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

Ever-victorious are the Korean people who are fighting for the sacred cause of the unification of the fatherland under the leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

inheritors of the revolutionary traditions, to be faithful to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, defend their socialist fatherland, oppose the war rackets of the U.S. imperialists and accomplish the cause of the unification of the fatherland as early as possible.

JOINT COMMUNIQUE

Between LSWY of Korea And CYL of Italy

A joint communique between the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea and the Italian Communist Youth League was made public in Pyongyang on Aug. 5.

A delegation of the Italian Communist Youth League headed by Comrade Gianfranco Borghini, General Secretary of its Central Committee, paid a friendly visit to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea between Jul. 25 and Aug. 6, 1969, at the invitation of the C.C. of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea, the joint communique said.

The delegation of the Italian Communist Youth League, the communique noted, expressed full support to the Korean people and youth in their just struggle for unifying their fatherland with the strength of the Korean people themselves independently on a democratic basis and in a peaceful way without any interference from outside, after forcing the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops to withdraw from South Korea.

The League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea supported the progressive youth of Italy in their just struggle today against the war and aggressive manoeuvres of U.S. imperialism and the anti-popular policy of the reactionaries in Italy and for the removal of the military bases of the U.S. imperialists who made their way into Italy under the signboard of the NATO and for the secession of Italy from the aggressive "North Atlantic Treaty Organization."

The communique sharply denounced all the aggressive military alliances framed up by the U.S. imperialists everywhere in the world against the socialist countries and other peace-loving countries and the national liberation movement and strongly held that the aggressive military bases built throughout the world by the imperialists headed by U.S. imperialism should be dismantled at once.

The communique put stress on struggling against U.S. imperialism and at the same time resolutely fighting against Japanese and West German militarism revived in Asia and Europe under the aegis of U.S. imperialism and rendering more active support and encouragement to the Vietnamese and Cuban peoples in their struggle.

In conclusion the communique expressed firm solidarity with the peoples and youth of Asian, African and Latin American countries in their struggle against imperialism, colonialism, neo-colonialism and racialism headed by U.S. imperialism and for national independence and freedom.

(KCNA)

DPRK Foreign Ministry Flays U.S. Imperialists for Criminal Acts against Laotian People

PYONGYANG, August 3 (KCNA) — The Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea made public a statement on August 2 supporting the statement published by the Central Committee of the Patriotic Front of Laos on the occasion of the 7th anniversary of the signing of the 1962 Geneva Agreements on Laos (July 23).

The statement said:

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people sternly denounce the aggressive acts the U.S. imperialists have been committing against the Laotian people, flagrantly trampling underfoot the 1962 Geneva Agreements on Laos and fully support the stand of the Central Committee of the Patriotic Front of Laos manifested in the statement.

Since the signing of the 1962 Geneva Agreements which recognize the sovereignty, independence, union and territorial integrity of Laos, the basic national rights of the Laotian people, the Patriotic Front of Laos has strictly implemented them and resolutely struggled for the correct solution of the Laotian question.

But, the U.S. imperialists have openly sabotaged the agreements from the first day of their signing and ceaselessly committed intervention and aggressive acts against Laos.

These criminal acts of the U.S. imperialist aggressors against the Laotian people have dragged into the light of day their bestial nature and shown to the world people with added clarity that the U.S. imperialists are the most wanton saboteur of international conventions.

Today the U.S. imperialists are suffering heavy losses under hard blows, running up against the powerful resistance of the Laotian people, but they doggedly persist in the criminal war of aggression, still harbouring aggressive designs against Laos.

With no desperate moves, however, can the U.S. imperialists achieve their aggressive purposes or subdue the Laotian people who have risen up in a just struggle.

The Laotian Patriotic Armed Forces and people who have valiantly turned out in the anti-U.S., national salvation struggle, tightly holding arms in their hands, are now mounting incessant attacks on the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their stooges, thus winning brilliant victories and driving the ememy deeper into the bog of ruin.

The struggle of the Laotian people against the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their stooges is the sacred struggle for their national liberation and a just struggle for defending peace and security in Indochina and Southeast Asia.

The Korean people warmly hail the victories won by the Laotian people in the anti-U.S., national salvation struggle and express full support to and solidarity with the Laotian people in the righteous struggle for building a peaceful, independent, neutral, democratic, unified and prospering Laos.

The master of Laos is the Laotian people and the Laotian question must be solved by the Laotian people themselves without any interference of outside forces.

The U.S. imperialists must strictly observe the 1962 Geneva Agreements on Laos and stop all their intervention and aggressive manoeuvres against Laos and immediately discontinue their barbarous bombing of the areas under the control of the Laotian patriotic forces.

The Korean people will fight in the future too shoulder to shoulder with the Laotian people against the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the common enemy, and continue to actively support and encourage the just anti-U.S., national salvation struggle of the Laotian people.

The Laotian people firmly rallied around the Patriotic Front of Laos will surely win final victory in the sacred struggle for independence and freedom after beating down the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their stooges.

South Korean Youths Reject Pak Clique's Long-Term "Office" Scheme

A South Korean youth organization sternly rejected the long-term "office" scheme of the Pak Jung Hi traitorous clique, dirty running dogs of U.S. imperialism, thus joining in the powerful movement of broad segments of the South Korean people including patriotic youth and students for destroying the ruthless colonial military fascist rule of U.S. imperialism, according to a radio report from Seoul.

This organization made public on August 5 a letter of protest addressed to the Pak Jung Hi military gang, denouncing the hasty move of the gangsters for "constitutional revision for 3rd-term election" as a foul, criminal scheme of an "individual or a group intended to extend his or its power." This scheme "should be checked," the statement stressed.

Expressing the firm determination to thorougly frustrate the plot of the enemy, the youth organization stated that such plot of the Pak Jung Hi traitors aimed at extending the colonial rule of U.S. imperialism and, as a reward for this, prolonging their dirty life under the aegis of their master "reached the limit where young conscience can not overlook it."

The organization warmed the U.S. imperialists and their stooges that those who oppose the will of the people will meet only tragic doom.

As the Pak Jung Hi clique are becoming all the more undisguised in their foul scheme for "constitutional revision for 3rd-term office," an intrigue for long-term "office," at the dictates of the U.S. imperialists, the voice denouncing and rejecting it are ringing higher day by day among the South Korean people of all strata and public circles.

War-Maniac Nixon's Asian Tour—Every Inch Criminal Junket for Aggression

PYONGYANG, August 4 (KCNA)—In a signed commentary entitled "With No Frenzy Can U.S. Imperialism Escape Defeat in Asia" today's Rodong Shinmoon points out that the Nixon clique's hasty Asian junket was an every inch criminal and aggressive trip against the socialist forces and national liberation movement in Asia.

The commentary quotes the words of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader: **"Today, the U.S. imperialists direct the spearhead of aggression to Asia.... The basic strategy of the U.S. imperialists in their Asian aggression is to blockade and attack the Asian socialist countries, stem the rapid growth of the revolutionary forces and prop up their colonial rule in Asia by concentrating more and more U.S. military force in this region and mobilizing the forces of Japanese militarism and their satellite countries and puppets."**

The Nixon clique's latest Asian tour brought into salient relief the heinous move of the U.S. imperialists for barring the rapid growth of the revolutionary forces and propping up their colonial rule in Asia.

The commentary says:

The aim pursued by the Nixon clique in the Asian trip as clearly revealed through his brigandish outpourings, was, above all, to hasten the formation of an Asian anti-communist military alliance by whipping together their Asian puppets and satellite countries.

Recalling that Nixon the villain openly demanded the Asian puppets to come out with zeal for the formation of an anti-communist military alliance, their tool in Asian aggression and a political and military lever for "dominating" Asia, raving that Asian countries should shoulder more responsibility, at a press conference in Guam Island and in his outbursts in Manila and Bangkok, the commentary notes: This clearly shows how madly the Nixon clique are bestirring themselves to bolster up the foothold of their colonial rule in Asia facing a total collapse and establish a single Asian anti-communist military system by mobilizing their Asian puppets and satellite countries.

This is clear also from the fact that Rogers who crawled into the northeast Asian area as a special detachment of Nixon's Asian tour demanded the Sato clique of Japan in Tokyo become a prop in such military alliance and ordered the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique in Seoul to take the lead in rigging up this military alliance.

Another sinister design sought by the Nixon clique in their Asian tour was to tighten the control and rule over the puppets and satellite countries by knocking them together in the anti-communist military alliance and hatch plots to step up all the more the war of aggression in Vietnam by bringing them into it, the commentary says.

Pointing out that Nixon declared in Saigon he would fulfil to the end the so-called "commitment" to South Vietnam, twaddling that the war in Vietnam "may have been one of America's finest hours," the commentary notes: This exposed in all nakedness the sinister design of U.S. imperialism.

Another aim pursued by the Nixon clique in the Asian trip was to step up their scheme to unleash a new war in Korea.

Exposing that the U.S. imperialists bent on igniting a new aggressive war in Korea are bringing new-type weapons into South Korea and modernizing the equipment of the South Korean puppet army and, while hastening the nuclear armament of Japan, are expanding the Okinawan base and, furthermore, staging more frequently various joint military exercises with the Japanese militarists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the commentary says:

On the other hand, the U.S. imperialists are pushing along the preparations for inveigling the Asian puppets into the war in case they kindle a new war of aggression in Korea, by hastening the formation of the Aisan anti-communist military alliance. Part of these moves is that the U.S. imperialists are hatching intrigues to drag the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique into the SEATO and putting this despicable puppets in the foreground in the manoeuvres for the formation of the Asian anti-communist military alliance.

It is evident to everyone that the Nixon clique had it in mind to realize this sinister plot at the earliest date when he urged upon the puppets in Southeast Asian countries the necessity of an anti-communist military alliance in face of the "new Far Eastern situation."

As one sees in the above, the Asian tour of the Nixon clique was a criminal tour for stepping up the Asian aggression and "dominating" Asia; it was an unpardonable aggressive act for creating strain in the Asian situation and trampling underfoot peace and security in this area and an intolerable challenge to the Korean people and Vietnamese people and the rest of the Asian people.

The commentary notes that through their bloody Asian tour, the Nixon clique left another shameful record in the aggressive history of U.S. imperialism against the Asian people and fully laid bare once again their dirty colour as the heinous enemy of the Asian people.

Declaring that today's Asia is not the Asia of yesterday, the commentary emphasizes: However desperately the U.S. imperialists may put their blood-stained foot on Asia, they will never save themselves from their miserable doom and they will be driven out of Asia once and for all.

(Continued from page 5)

sion of the "ROK-Japan Treaty" their reinvasion has been energetically launched against South Korea in the political, economic, military and all other fields.

The criminal maneuvers of the Japanese militarists are also clearly manifested in their policy of suppression and persecution toward Korean citizens in Japan.

The Japanese Government failing to give any warrantable reason, is engaged in all sorts of suppression and national persecution against Korean citizens in Japan by unilaterally destroying the repatriation operation in disregard of international law and international practices, hampering their free travel to and from the fatherland, suppressing their democratic, national education and infringing upon their fundamental human rights.

This shows that the Japanese militarists are planning to more easily accomplish their purpose of reinvasion of South Korea by actively cooperating with the U.S. imperialists in their policy of aggression and war. This is part of the malicious intention of the Japanese militarists to step up the suppression of democratic forces in Japan and push ahead the militarization and fascistization of Japan.

U.S. imperialism is the most heinous common enemy of the peoples of the world and No. 1 target of struggle.

It is impossible to prevent nuclear war and realize complete ban on nuclear weapons apart from struggle against imperialism, in particular U.S. imperialism, nor is it possible to safeguard world peace and achieve national liberation and independence, victory of democracy and socialism.

The peace-loving peoples of the whole world find it a pressing task to more resolutely struggle against the U.S. imperialists who are pursuing the policy of aggression and war, wielding nuclear weapons.

In order to successfully carry out this task, it is important for broad anti-imperialist peace forces to form a joint action and united front in Asia, Africa, and Latin America, in all countries, big and small, in all areas and all countries, to which U.S. imperialism stretches out its tentacles of aggression.

If the anti-imperialist peace forces of the whole world jointly deal blows to the U.S. imperialists and squeeze their throat, they will become impotent and bite the dust in the end.

The Korean people send whole-hearted support to and express solidarity with Vietnamese people in their heroic anti-U.S., national resistance and ardently support the stand of the Vietnamese people that the Vietnam question must be settled on the basis of the four-point stand of the Government of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam and the platform of the South Vietnam National Front for Liberation.

Our people warmly congratulate the Vietnamese people upon establishing the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Vietnam, a fruit of their protracted, arduous struggle for freedom and independence.

The Korean people scathingly denounce the continuous aggressive machinations of the U.S. imperialists against the Republic of Cuba and support the heroic struggle of the Cuban people for the defence of the fatherland and revolutionary gains.

The Korean people resolutely support the just struggle of the Arab peoples who are struggling against U.S. and British imperialism and Israeli expansionists and for national independence and sovereignty.

The Korean people express firm solidarity with the peoples of all countries of Asia, Africa and Latin America who are struggling against imperialism and colonialism.

Inevitable are the complete ruin of world imperialism and international reaction headed by U.S. imperialism and the final victory of the joint struggle of the peoples of the whole world for peace and democracy, national independence and socialism. This is the main trend in our age which no force can hold in check.

In the future, too, the Korean people, rallied rock-firm around Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, will more resolutely struggle to smash the new war provocation maneuvers of the U.S. imperialists, safeguard world peace and accomplish an independent, peaceful unification of the fatherland, while further strengthening their international tie-up with the peace-loving peoples of the whole world.

The People's Korea

Published every Wednesday by Chosun Shinbosa
Office: 5, Tsukudo Hachiman-cho, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo Japan
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